

# ENGLISH ABSTRACT

*Kiss Dénes: The Transformation of Rural Elite in Transylvania*

The study tries to draw up a model regarding the transformation process and the new structure of rural elite after the change of regime based on four case-studies. In the introductory part, the author presents the Romanian and Hungarian literature on this subject. The author considers that the transformation of the rural elite can be explained using a dichotomist model where the two ideal-typical scenarios are “the change of elite” and the “preservation of position”. Regarding the structure of the new elite, he proposes a model encompassing three elite-subgroups: the entrepreneurial, cultural and agrarian elite.

*Kósa András László „Timurs and Playground Boys”. The Nature and Profile of Hungarian Youth Politicians in Romani*

The study is a historical analysis of the Hungarian youth organizations in Romania and the career of their leaders after the change of the political system in 1989. The central question of the study is if their presence in public life transformed the present political socialization patterns or in the contrary: they are contributing to the reproduction of the game rules of political system.

*Dénes Attila – Marelyin Kiss József: Threupon The Politics Rules. The Emergence of Multipozitional Pilitical Elit in Self Governance Structures*

The study analyses the relation between the local and national politics on the basis of the institutional relationship of local leaders to parliament in Hungary. Using the data collected in towns of country rank the authors are dealing with the political involvement of local authorities respectively the “local governmentization” of political parties.

*Veres Valér: Occupation and Occupational Structure in Romania in 2002*

The author is dealing with the occupation structure, income situation of the Romanian population during transition based on census data and yearly statistical reports. His main point tends to answer some of the questions regarding the differences and similarities on those structural changes that the transition to market-economy had generated in Romania, respectively in other east-central European countries.

*Gál Katalin – Ruszuly Emese: „Our Affluent?”. The Profile of Romanian Economic Elite*

The authors' intention is to trace the most relevant characteristics of the Romanian economic elite based on a database created by “Capital” - a weekly journal - “The 300 Richest Romanians”. The study deals with the different ways of wealth-accumulation as well as with the validity of the theory of post communist managerialism concerning the Romanian economic elite.